# Test and evaluation of a fiber-optic sensor technology for in-situ and in-operando monitoring of heat exchanger tube wall thickness (GFF project number: FTI21-A-005)

**FOSMON** measures in-situ and in-operando the wall thickness of heat-exchanging stainless-steel tubes in harsh, high-pressure and high-temperature steam environments by applying FFT analysis to their vibration spectrum. The system uses fiber-optic interferometry, where a tightly wound single-mode fiber coil around the tube serves as an intrinsic stress and vibration sensor.

## **Technical specification:**

| Parameter                   | Value                                    | Remarks   |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| Optical Input/Output        | Value                                    | Remarks   |
| Number of Channels          | 12 (3 x 4 sensor channels x              | one transmitting + two receiving                              |
|                             | 3 optical fibers)                        | fibers per channel,<br>36 optical fibers in total             |
| Input/Output Connector      | MP012 x 3                                | Single mode optical fiber SMF-28a                             |
| Type of Laser               | DBF single mode optically isolated       | Senset OLD-32122PFAB  |
| Output Power                | 10 μW                                    | Per coil (total 240 μW)                                       |
| Wavelength                  | 1311 nm                                  | @ 25°C  |
| Signal Processing           |  |   |
| Main CPU (SP-12CH)          | ARM 64-bit                               | Amlogic S905X3<br>(4-core Cortex-A55)                         |
| MCU (OE-4CH)                | 32-bit MIPS MCU                          | Microchip PIC32MX795F512L                                     |
| A/D Resolution              | 16 bit                                   | AD7761BSTZ Analog Devices                                     |
| A/D Sampling rate           | max 32 kSamples/s                        | per channel, simultaneous sampling                            |
| Programming                 | Firmware written in Pyton,               | Under OS Ubuntu 20.04<br>on eMMC 64GB module                  |
| Setting parameters          | Manually, via textual configuration file | WM.INI in /WALLMON2023  |
| Sensitivity                 | 20.4 μm/Hz                               | Shifting of axial natural frequency, third mode               |
| Data Outputs                |  |   |
| Spectrogram files           | USB on the front panel;                  | One data set per day per sensor                               |
| Original photodiode signals | NoMachine; FTP; SSH via<br>ETH LAN       |   |
| Communication               |  |   |
| Interfaces                  | USB 3.0                                  | host port, export on flash memory; to attach keyboard & mouse |
|                             | Fast Ethernet 10/100 Mb/s                | RJ45 WAN, VPN Teltonika                                       |
|                             | TEC 4-wire                               | Peltier 7A and thermistor 10k $\!\Omega$                      |
| Power                       |  |   |
| ruwei                       |  |   |
| Input Voltage               | 230 V / 50 Hz                            | Only SP-12CH externally powered                               |

## **FOSMON overview:**

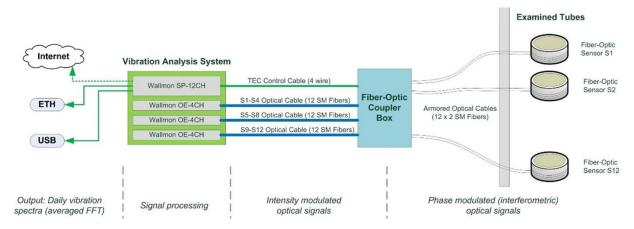


Figure 1: The vibration measuring system consisted of the FOSMON optoelectronic set, the fiber-optic coupler box, 12 fiber-optic sensing heads and connecting cables.

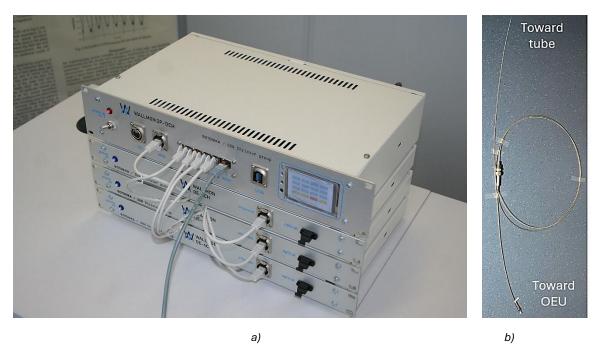


Figure 2: a) FOSMON optoelectronic unit (OEU); b) encapsulated fiber-optic sensor for wall-thickness measurement

### The monitoring display of actual wall-thickness:

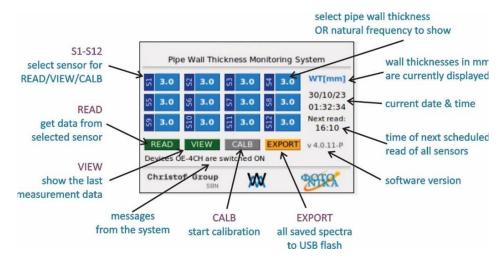


Figure 3: The monitoring and controlling display on the front panel of sensing system SP-12CH.

#### **References:**

- Z. Djinović, A. Gavrilović-Wohlmuther, M. Tomić, A fiber-optic technique for the wall thickness measurement of the industrial tubes under harsh environment, 47th MIPRO ICT and Electronics Convention (MIPRO), Opatija, Cratia, 20-24 May 2024, DOI: 10.1109/MIPRO60963.2024.1056927
- M.Tomić, A. Gavrilović-Wohlmuther, Z.Djinović, Measurement of Wall Thickness in Heat Exchanger Tubes by Simultaneous Use of Low- and Highcoherence Fiber-Optic Interferometry, 48th MIPRO ICT and Electronics Convention (MIPRO), 02-06 June 2025, DOI: 10.1109/MIPRO65660.2025.11131780
- EP000004310434B1 HEAT EXCHANGER WITH FIBRE OPTIC SENSOR FOR DETERMINING A THICKNESS OF A HEAT EXCHANGER TUBE OF THE HEAT EXCHANGER AND METHOD FOR OPERATING SUCH A HEAT EXCHANGER
- WO002024017511A1 HEAT EXCHANGER COMPRISING A FIBRE-OPTIC SENSOR FOR DETERMINING A TUBE WALL THICKNESS OF A HEAT-TRANSFER TUBE OF THE HEAT EXCHANGER AND METHOD FOR OPERATING SUCH A HEAT EXCHANGER
- ASHMOSD-I, Austrian Structural Health Monitoring System Demonstrator; FFG-BMVIT, Takeoff Program, Project No: 814579
- ASHMOSD-II, Austrian Structural Health Monitoring System Demonstrator; FFG-BMVIT, Takeoff Program, Project No: 830397, Follow up

#### Contact:

Cornelia Häusler MSc.

Email: cornelia.haeusler@acmit.at

#### For business interests:

Dr. Aleksandra Gavrilovic-Wohlmuther

a.gavrilovic-wohlmuther@christof-group.com

Mob: +43 664 80 883 4145

The content does not necessarily represent the views of the State of Lower Austria or the Lower Austrian Research Promotion Agency as the funding agency. Therefore, neither the State of Lower Austria nor the funding agency can be held responsible for the content.







FUNDED AS PART OF THE RTI-STRATEGY LOWER AUSTRIA 2027